

Chapter I. General Provisions

1. Resident Commissioner to Convene Convention.

The Resident Commissioner of the Northern Mariana Islands shall convene the Northern Marianas Constitutional Convention^{*/} in Saipan, Mariana Islands, on October 18, 1976,^{**/} at 9:30 a.m. The Convention shall adjourn no later than December 6, 1976.^{***/}

2. Resident Commissioner as Acting President.

The Resident Commissioner shall act as President of the Convention until the Convention shall elect a President from among its membership.^{****/}

3. Delegates' Oath of Office. The Resident

Commissioner shall administer the following oath or affirmation to each delegate, either individually or en masse:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of delegate to the Northern Marianas Constitutional Convention and will, to the best of my ability support the Constitution of the United States and the Covenant to establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in political union with the United States of America (so help me God)."

4. Quorum of the Convention. A quorum of the

Convention shall consist of twenty-eight (28) delegates, provided, however, that at least one (1) delegate from each

^{*/} NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS DIST. LAW NO. 4-205, Act No. 347-1976 § 9(A) (1976) (hereinafter Enabling Act).

^{**/} See Enabling Act § 8(A) (5).

^{***/} Enabling Act § 9(A).

^{****/} Id.

chartered municipality must be present and that if the Resident Commissioner exercises his discretionary authority and does appoint additional members from the Municipality of Saipan as provided in Section 2(A)(1) of District Law No. 4-205, the quorum shall be increased by the number of additional appointees. ^{*/}

5. Majority Necessary to Act. No constitutional provision shall be adopted by the Convention except by the affirmative votes of not less than three-fourths (3/4) of the delegates present in the Convention, with delegates voting only in person. ^{**/} A majority of delegates present, a quorum being present, shall be sufficient for the taking of any other action except where the affirmative vote of a greater number shall be required by these Rules.

6. Organization of Convention -- First Order of Business. The first order of business at the first session of the Convention, following the call to order and administration of the delegates' oaths or affirmations by the Resident Commissioner and the accomplishment of other necessary administrative actions, shall be the election of officers. Following the election of officers, the president shall assume the chair. The Convention shall then immediately consider and adopt Rules of Procedure. ^{***/}

^{*/} Enabling Act § 9(D).

^{**/} Id. § 9(C).

^{***/} Id. § 9(C).

7. Admission to Floor -- Defined. No person, other than a delegate, officer, employee or consultant of the Convention, accredited news correspondent or person invited by the president shall be admitted on the floor of the Convention immediately preceding the time set for any call to order and immediately following adjournment. Only delegates, officers, employees, and consultants and such other persons as may be authorized by the president shall be admitted to the floor of the Convention during the session. The phrase "floor of the Convention" means the room or chamber where the Convention sits in session, excluding the space designated for visitors and for the press.

Chapter II. Officers and Employees

1. Officers. The Convention shall elect by roll call vote the following officers from among its membership: a president^{*/} and three vice-presidents, one from the delegation of each of the chartered municipalities.

2. Duties of the President. The president shall perform the following duties:

(a) He shall take the chair each day at the hour to which the Convention shall have adjourned. He shall call the Convention to order, and, except in the absence of a quorum, shall proceed to business in the manner prescribed by these Rules.

*/ Enabling Act

(b) He shall preserve order and decorum, and, in debate, shall prevent personal reflections and shall confine delegates to the question under discussion. When two or more delegates arise at the same time, he shall name the one entitled to the floor.

(c) He shall decide all questions of order, subject to appeal to the Convention. On every appeal he shall have the right, in his place, to assign his reason for his decision. In case of such appeal no delegate shall speak more than once.

(d) He, in consultation with the vice-presidents, shall appoint all committees and the chairmen thereof.

(e) He may substitute any delegate to perform the duties of the chair, but for no longer period than two consecutive convention days, except by special consent of the Convention.

(f) When the Convention shall be ready to go into Committee of the Whole, he shall name a chairman to preside therein. The president may designate himself to serve as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole.

(g) When necessary or required, he shall certify all official acts of the Convention with the date thereof.

(h) He shall declare the vote and announce the result according to the fact on all questions and divisions.

(i) He shall not be required to vote except in case of a tie.

(j) He shall serve as a member ex officio of every committee with (without) a vote.

(k) He shall appoint all employees of the Convention and shall exercise general supervisory responsibility over their work.

(l) He shall in consultation with the vice-presidents utilize such consultant services as are available to the Convention.

3. Designation of Precedence Among Vice-Presidents.

The three vice-presidents shall draw lots to determine who shall serve as first vice-president, second vice-president, and third vice-president. The first vice-president shall have precedence over the second vice-president, and the second vice-president shall have precedence over the third vice-president for the purpose of determining who shall preside in the temporary absence of the president and for other purposes.

4. In the event of vacancy in the office of president by death, resignation or otherwise the Convention shall, by majority vote of the elected delegates, elect a president to fill such vacancy.

In the temporary absence of the president, or in event of his temporary inability to preside, his duties shall devolve upon the first vice-president, or if he also be absent upon the second vice-president or if he too be

absent upon the third vice-president. For the purpose of this rule, the terms "temporary absence" and "temporary inability" shall mean an absence or inability not to exceed fifteen (15) consecutive Convention sessions. "Convention session" shall mean any day on which the Convention meets.

In the event of the continued absence or inability of the president to preside for more than fifteen (15) consecutive sessions of the Convention, the Convention shall, by majority vote of the elected delegates, elect an acting president who shall have the same power and enjoy the same privileges as the president and who shall serve as president only during the absence or inability to preside on the part of the president.

5. In the event of a vacancy in the office of any vice-president by death, resignation or otherwise, the Convention shall, by majority vote of the elected delegates, elect a new vice-president from the same chartered municipality as that of his predecessor in office.

In the temporary absence of any vice-president or in the event of the temporary inability on the part of any vice-president to discharge the duties of his office, he shall have the power to designate and appoint some other delegate of the same chartered municipality to discharge the duties of his office during his temporary absence or temporary inability.

6. Employees. Upon consultation with the three vice-presidents, the president shall appoint a secretary, a sergeant-at-arms, a parliamentarian, and such other employees as he shall deem necessary. No employee shall be a delegate to the Convention. The president shall, with the consent of the Convention, determine the compensation of each employee, provided, however, that no employee shall be compensated at a rate exceeding _____ per month. The president shall have the power to dismiss any employee. The president shall have the power to fill any vacancy in an employee's position.

7. Duties of the Secretary. The secretary shall perform the following duties:

(a) He shall keep a journal of the proceedings of the Convention and shall place upon the desk of each member a copy of the proceedings of the previous day. The same shall be considered the approved journal of the Convention, unless otherwise ordered.

(b) Under the direction of the president, he shall prepare and place on the desk of the president each day a calendar of the business of the Convention.

(c) He shall prepare for duplication all proposals and other documents which are required to be duplicated

under these Rules and shall see to it that they are properly and correctly duplicated.

(d) He shall give to every proposal for the Constitution, when introduced, a number, and the numbers shall be in numerical order. When a committee proposal is reported from a committee, he shall give it a number, in separate series from each committee, which shall be known as the committee proposal number. He shall keep the several proposals on file in order by their numbers, unless otherwise ordered by the Convention.

(e) He shall preserve all proposals, reports of committees and all other records, books, documents and papers of the Convention and after the adjournment of the Convention shall make such disposal of them as the Convention shall direct.

(f) He shall call the roll at the opening of each session of the Convention, and the president shall announce whether or not a quorum is present.

(g) He shall exercise supervisory care and control of the hall of the Convention and all Convention rooms and equipment. The secretary, subject to the supervision of the Administrative Committee, shall purchase or rent all necessary equipment, supplies and postage, and arrange for postal, telephone, and telegraph service.

8. Duties of the Sergeant-at-Arms. The sergeant-at-arms shall be the chief police officer of the Convention.

9. Duties of the Parliamentarian. The parliamentarian shall be advisor and counsel to the presiding officer on all matters of parliamentary procedure; however, all parliamentary rulings shall be the responsibility of, and shall be made by, the presiding officer.

Chapter III. Delegates

1. Conduct in Debate. When any delegate is about to speak in debate or to present any matter to the Convention, he shall rise from his seat and address himself to "Mr. President"; he shall not speak until recognized, and when recognized he shall confine himself to the question under consideration and avoid personalities.

2. Delegates Called to Order. The president or any delegate may challenge any other delegate who, on speaking, violates the rules of the Convention. Upon such challenge, the president may order the speaker to sit down. The president's order to sit down, or the failure of the president to order the speaker to sit down, may be appealed.

3. Times Delegate May Speak. Except as otherwise provided in these Rules, no delegate may speak more than once on the same question without leave of a majority

of those present and voting, unless he be the mover of the matter pending or chairman of the committee that reported it, in which case he shall be privileged to speak twice.

4. General Limit on Debate. Except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the delegates then present and voting, no delegate may speak longer than fifteen (15) minutes without being required by the presiding officer to yield the floor. The restriction imposed by this Rule shall not be applicable to chairmen and vice-chairmen of committees when the latter are presenting a report of their committee to the Convention or to the Committee of the Whole, and the same exemption from the requirement of this Rule shall also be applicable in the case of the chief spokesman for a minority report of a committee of the Convention.

5. Seating. Delegates shall be seated in the Convention chamber by alphabetical order, beginning with the first row from right to left as they face the president's chair. The Convention may authorize variations in this seating arrangement for the vice-presidents.

6. Contest of Election or Appointment.^{*/} No protest or petition contesting the election or appointment of any delegates shall be received or considered unless filed within ten(10) days after the adoption of these Rules or within ten(10) days after the election or appointment of that delegate. The Convention shall promptly resolve such protest or petition by roll call vote.

^{*/} See Enabling Act § 6(D).

7. Vacancies. A vacancy in the office of any elected delegate shall be filled by the candidate receiving the next highest number of votes in the election of delegates from the same electoral precinct. If the next delegate in line refuses or is not available to serve, thereof, and, if the runner-up is list is exhausted, the Mayor of the Municipality from which the successful delegate was elected shall appoint a person to fill the vacancy. The Resident Commissioner shall fill any vacancy in the office of any delegate appointed by him.

Chapter IV. Committees^{*/}

[Alternative 1: 1. Substantive Committees. Substantive committees on governmental institutions, personal rights and natural resources, and Finance and Intergovernmental Affairs shall be created.

[2. Responsibilities of Substantive Committees. The general areas of subject matter assigned to each substantive committee shall be as follows:

| <u>Name of Committee</u> | <u>General Areas of Subject Matter</u> |
|---|---|
| Governmental Institutions | Executive Branch, Legislative Branch, Judicial Branch and Washington Representative |
| Personal Rights and Natural Resources | Bill of Rights, Eligibility to Vote and Election Procedures, Land Alienation, and Natural Resources |
| Finance, Intergovernmental Affairs, and Discrete Problems | Taxation and Finance, Local Government, Constitutional Amendment, Education, Corporations, and Miscellaneous Concerns |

^{*/} If alternative 2 or 3 is adopted, other Rules should be adjusted accordingly.

[3. Administrative Committees. Administrative committees on Convention organization and rules shall be created.

[4. Responsibilities of Administrative Committees. The general areas of subject matter assigned to each administrative committee shall be as follows:

| <u>Name of Committee</u> | <u>General Areas of Subject Matter</u> |
|--------------------------|--|
| Convention Organization | Drafting of constitutional provisions, supervision of consultants, preparation of calendar for Convention, general administration of Convention activities |
| Rules | Preparation of proposed procedural rules for Convention, consideration of proposed changes to rules. |

[5. Membership of Committees. Each delegate shall be a member of one and only one substantive committee. In naming delegates to committees, the president shall strive to appoint committees whose geographic composition is proportional to that of the Convention as a whole. The substantive committees shall be of roughly equivalent size.

[6. Vice-Chairmen. Each committee shall elect a vice-chairman from its membership by a majority vote of those voting. The vice-chairman shall act as chairman during a temporary absence or temporary inability of the chairman. "Temporary absence" and "temporary inability" shall have the same meaning for the purposes of this Rule as they have for the purposes of Rule 4 of Chapter II.

[7. Meetings During Sessions of the Convention or the Committee of the Whole. No substantive committee shall meet during a session of the Convention or of the Committee of the Whole except with the permission of the president.

[8. Public Hearings. The following Rules shall be applicable to any public hearing conducted by a committee:

(a) The substantive and administrative committees may hold public hearings as and when they so determine.

(b) The chairman of the committee shall give public notice of each public hearing as far in advance as is practicable.

(c) Said public notice shall be made by delivering a copy thereof to the president, and the president shall deliver or forward immediately copies thereof to all members of the news media.

(d) A copy of said public notice shall be posted prominently in the Convention chambers.

(e) Said public notice shall include the date, time and place of the public hearing, and a concise description of the subject matter or proposal to be considered.

(f) All persons wishing to testify before a standing committee shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to do so.

(g) Expert witnesses shall be invited to testify whenever the committee deems necessary or desirable.

(h) Witnesses shall be requested, where practicable, to submit written statements of their testimony, but the lack of such written statements shall not be used to deny any witness the opportunity to testify.

(i) Witnesses shall limit their oral testimony to fifteen (15) minutes, unless otherwise restricted or extended by the committee.

(j) Prior to convening a public hearing authorized under these Rules, each committee conducting such hearing shall designate a member to sit as the presiding officer. If the presiding officer is not present at the public hearing the members attending shall designate a presiding officer. For the purpose of public hearings the members of the committee attending shall constitute a quorum.

The presiding officer shall maintain order and decorum and rule on all procedural questions arising during the course of the hearing. Rulings of the chair may be overruled by a majority vote of the committee members present. In the event a ruling of the chair is so appealed, the presiding officer shall vote only in the event of a tie.

(k) All public hearings shall be recorded and transcribed. Copies of the transcription of each public hearing, together with any exhibits and other

related materials as the committee may direct, shall be made, and a copy thereof shall be made available to each delegate as soon as practicable.]

[Alternative 2: No committees shall be created. The Convention shall conduct all of its business in plenary session.]

[Alternative 3: No committees shall be established save a Committee of the Whole.]

Chapter V. Committee of the Whole.

1. Formation. The Convention may upon motion resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for the consideration of proposals for provisions of the Constitution.

2. Limitation of Debate. Before a proposal shall be considered by the Committee of the Whole, any delegate (the chairman of the substantive committee in charge of the proposal having prior right) shall be privileged to move a limitation upon the time of debate and consideration by the committee, and the Convention may fix in advance of consideration a time for the committee to rise and report.

3. Consideration of Business. Upon a proposal being submitted to the Committee of the Whole, the same shall be read by the secretary and then read and debated as may be determined by the committee. All amendments made to reports, resolutions, and other matters submitted to the Committee of the Whole shall be noted and reported. After the report by the Committee of the Whole, the proposal may be debated and amended on the floor of the Convention.

4. Rules. Except as otherwise provided by these Rules, the Rules of the Convention shall be observed in

the Committee of the Whole so far as they are applicable. Where there are no provisions, the proceedings shall be controlled by Robert's Rules of Order.

5. Quorum. A majority of the total number of elected and appointed delegates shall be a quorum for the Committee of the Whole to do business; and if the committee finds itself without a quorum, the chairman shall cause the roll of the Convention to be called, and thereupon the Committee shall rise, the president resume the chair, and the chairman report to the Convention the cause of the rising of the committee.

6. Rising of the Committee. A motion for the rising of the Committee of the Whole shall always be in order unless a member of the committee is speaking or a vote is being taken, and shall be decided without debate.

Chapter VI. Transaction of Business

1. Order of Business. The order of business of the Convention shall be as follows:

- (a) Call to order and preliminary matters.
- (b) Invocation.
- (c) Roll call.
- (d) Reports of committees.
- (e) Introduction and first reading and reference of proposals.
- (f) Second and final reading of proposals.

- (g) Motions and resolutions.
- (h) Unfinished business.
- (i) Special orders of the day.
- (j) General orders of the day.

2. Recording in Journal. No memorial, remonstrance, or petition shall be read or recorded in full in the Journal unless ordered read or recorded by the affirmative vote of a majority of those present and voting.

3. Stating Motions. When a motion is made, it shall be stated to the Convention by the president; or, if in writing, it shall be handed to the chief clerk and read aloud to the Convention before being debated.

A "Motion" within this rule includes only the privileged motions listed in Rule 6 of this Chapter or a motion of merely procedural character, such as to take from the table or to send the sergeant-at-arms for absentees. All other matters (except delegate proposals and committee recommendations) shall be presented as resolutions.

Every resolution, other than a proposal, shall be submitted in writing, shall be read by title, and shall be referred to the appropriate committee. If the rules are suspended to permit immediate consideration of a resolution, the resolution shall be read in full to the Convention before it is considered.

4. Reduced to Writing. Every motion shall be reduced to writing if the president or any delegate shall request it and shall be entered upon the Journal, together with the name of the delegate making it, unless the motion is withdrawn by the maker or is ruled out of order by the president.

5. Withdrawal of Motions. After a motion has been stated by the president or read by the chief clerk, it shall be deemed to be in the possession of the Convention, but it may be withdrawn by the maker at any time before being amended or put to vote.

6. Privileged Motions. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but --

- (a) To amend the calendar and agenda.
- (b) To fix the time to which to adjourn.
- (c) To adjourn.
- (d) To take a recess.
- (e) To reconsider.
- (f) To call for the Orders of the Day.
- (g) To lay on the table.
- (h) For a Call of the Convention.
- (i) To limit debate.
- (j) To move the previous question.
- (k) To postpone to a day certain.
- (l) To postpone indefinitely.
- (m) To commit.
- (n) To amend.

The motions listed in this Rule shall take precedence in the order in which they stand arranged. All of them shall be decided by the vote of a majority of those present and voting, except that any motion to postpone indefinitely shall be decided by the affirmative vote of a majority of all the delegates to the Convention. When a recess is taken while a question is pending, consideration of such question shall be resumed when the Convention re-assembles, unless it determines otherwise. No motion to postpone to a day certain, or to commit, having been decided by the Convention, shall again be in order on the same day or at the same stage of the question. Whenever a proposal is being considered and a motion is then made, either to postpone indefinitely or to commit, amendments to the pending proposal shall first be in order before any vote is taken on any such motion.

7. Motions Not Debatable. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order except when a motion to fix the time to which to adjourn, or a motion to amend the calendar and agenda, is pending. A motion to adjourn, a motion to lay on the table, a motion for a recess pending the consideration of other business, and all matters relating to questions of order shall be decided without debate.

8. Motion to Take from the Table. After one day's notice, days upon which the Convention sitting not counted, any matter laid on the table may be taken therefrom on motion, provided that the business of the class of the matter to be taken from table would then be in order.

9. Order of Putting Questions. All questions shall be put in the order in which they are moved, except in the case of privileged motions.

10. Amendment Must Be Germane. No motion or proposition relating to a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of an amendment or substitute.

11. Amendments to Be Distributed. No amendment to any committee recommendation or delegate proposal shall be considered unless it is submitted in writing and a copy thereof delivered to the floor desk of each delegate prior to the time the amendment is offered.

12. Division of Question. Any delegate may call for a division of the question which shall be divided if it includes propositions which are so distinct in substance that when one is removed or deferred, a substantive proposition remains for the decision of the Convention. A motion to strike out and insert shall not be subject to division within the meaning of this rule.

Whenever a question has been divided, a final vote shall be taken on any division until all of the divisions thereof have been considered for amendment, after which further amendments to any division shall be in order, and thereafter each division will be put to final vote.

13. Calling for Previous Question. The method of ordering the previous question shall be as follows: Any delegate may move the previous question and, unless otherwise stated, the motion shall apply to the pending question only. The presiding officer shall put the question, "Shall the main question now be put?" This shall be ordered only by a majority of the delegates present and voting. After the seconding of a motion for the previous question and prior to the ordering of the same, a Call of the Convention may be moved and ordered, but after ordering the previous question nothing shall be in order prior to the decision of the pending question or questions, except demands for the ayes and nays, points of order, appeals from the decision of the chair, and a motion to adjourn or to take a recess, all of which shall be decided without debate. The effect of ordering the previous question shall be to put an end to all debate and bring the Convention to a direct vote upon the pending question. When a motion to reconsider has

been taken under the previous question and decided in the affirmative, the fact that the previous question had been ordered shall have no operation or effect with respect to the question for which reconsideration has been ordered. If the Convention refuses to order the previous question, it shall resume consideration of the pending subject as though no motion for the previous question had been made.

14. Sine Die Adjournment. A motion to adjourn the Convention sine die shall not be voted upon until at least forty-eight hours after notice is given to the delegates; and to pass this motion requires an affirmative vote of a majority of all the delegates to the Convention.

15. Reconsideration in Convention. (a) Any question finally adopted or rejected by the Convention may be reconsidered on motion of any delegate at any time before the Convention adjourns sine die.

(b) No question may be reconsidered more than once, except if the reconsideration is moved by direction of the Committee on Convention Organization or by the committee which reported on the matter to be reconsidered, or if moved after submission of a petition signed by thirty (30) delegates to the Convention.

(c) A motion to reconsider in Convention may not be called up until the second session day after it is

moved, and shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the delegates to the Convention.

(d) A motion to reconsider in Convention may be laid on the table independent of the question to be reconsidered; but a motion to reconsider moved by direction of a committee or pursuant to petition of the required number of delegates as provided above shall be in order without regard to the tabling of any previous motion to reconsider.

16. Quorum Calls. A call of the Convention may be ordered if there is an absence of a quorum.

17. Procedure. The roll of the Convention shall be called by the secretary and the absentees noted. The sergeant-at-arms may, upon motion, be dispatched after the absentees. In such case, a list of the absentees shall be furnished by the secretary to the sergeant-at-arms, who shall bring such absentees to the floor of the Convention with all possible speed. In case the sergeant-at-arms shall require assistance, the president, upon motion, may deputize as a special assistant sergeant-at-arms any person properly qualified. The Convention may proceed to business under a Call of the Convention pending the arrival of any absentees.

18. Introduction of Proposals and Recommendations. Any suggestion, proposition or draft intended to become a part of the Constitution, or amendment thereto or schedule to be attached thereto shall be called a delegate proposal or a committee recommendation. A proposal introduced by a delegate shall be designated a delegate proposal and a proposal submitted by a committee shall be designated a committee recommendation. A delegate proposal shall be endorsed by the delegate or delegates introducing it and a committee recommendation shall be endorsed by the chairman of the committee submitting it. Five copies of every delegate proposal or committee recommendation shall be delivered to the secretary who shall cause the same to be suitably numbered, printed, and distributed to delegates as promptly as possible.

19. Order of Consideration. The prescribed order in which proposals introduced in the Convention are to be taken up or acted upon shall be as follows:

- (a) Introduction, first reading by title, reference to a committee by the president, and ordered duplicated and distributed unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the delegates present.
- (b) Report of the committee and placing on the General Orders.
- (c) Consideration by the Committee of the Whole in order of their reference.

- (d) Report by the Committee of the Whole and referenced to the Committee on Convention Organization.
- (e) Report of the Committee on Convention Organization.
- (f) Second reading, final passage of each proposal.
- (g) Re-reference to the Committee on Convention Organization for incorporation in final draft.
- (h) Report by the Committee on Convention Organization of any complete revision of, or proposed amendment to, the Constitution.

20. Calendar. The Committee on Convention Organization of the Convention shall prepare a calendar and order of business for each session of the Convention. The calendar shall be furnished to the secretary, who shall distribute it to the delegates before the time set for the next session of the Convention. The Convention, at any time or from time to time during a session, may, by the affirmative vote of a majority of those present and voting, adopt, reject or modify the daily calendar and agenda presented to it.

22. Unfinished Special Orders. Any subject matter which has been made a special order for a particular day, but which is not reached on that day, shall then come up for consideration under the order of "Unfinished Business" at the next succeeding session of the Convention.

22. Reading. When the reading of a paper, including the Journal, is called for and an objection is raised to such reading, the Convention by a majority vote of delegates present and voting shall determine without debate whether or not the paper shall be read.

23. Presentation and Endorsement of Petitions. Petitions received by an officer of the Convention or by any delegate may be initialed by the recipient and handed directly to the chairman or clerk of the committee which has the subject matter of the petition under consideration. The chairman of the committee, on behalf of the Convention, shall give appropriate notice of the receipt of the petition.

24. Calls of Convention -- Ayes and Nays. Upon Calls of the Convention, and in taking the ayes and nays upon any question, the names of the delegates shall be called alphabetically.

25. Putting the Question. The president shall put all questions substantially in this form: "As many as are in favor of (as the question may be) say 'aye'"; and after the affirmative vote is expressed, "as many as are opposed say 'no'." If the president is in doubt as to the vote, he may order a roll call vote of the Convention.

A roll call vote of the Convention may be had upon the demand of ten (10) delegates.

26. Recognition During Roll Call. After a question has been stated by the president, and the call of the roll has been started by the secretary, the president shall not recognize a delegate for any purpose except upon points of order, until after the announcement of the vote. The secretary shall enter upon the Journal the names of those voting "aye" and the names of those voting "no."

27. Roll Call. At the roll call to be taken at the opening of each session and upon Calls of the Convention, the names of the members shall be called by the secretary and the absentees noted.

28. Appeals. (a) On all appeals from decisions of the chair, the question shall be "Shall the judgment of the chair stand as the judgment of the Convention?"

(b) No delegate shall speak on the question of an appeal more than once without leave of the Convention.

(c) An appeal may be laid on the table but shall not carry with it the subject matter before the Convention at the time such appeal is taken.

29. In all cases not inconsistent with these Rules, Robert's Rules of Order shall govern.

Chapter VII. Suspension of Rules

1. Procedures for Temporary Alteration, Suspension or Rescission. (a) A Rule of the Convention shall not be temporarily altered, suspended or rescinded unless one Convention day's notice shall be given of the motion therefor; provided however, that such notice shall not be necessary on the last day of the Convention.

(b) A vote of two-thirds of the delegates present shall be required to effect such alteration, suspension or rescission.

(c) The notice and the motion shall each specify the object of the temporary alteration, suspension or rescission and in the case of the adoption of such motion, it shall be held to apply only to the object specified therein.

(d) Such notice shall be given and such motion made under the order of business in which the matter proposed to be affected by such alteration, suspension or rescission stands.

2. Temporary Alteration, Suspension or Rescission. Notwithstanding the provisions of Rule 1 of this Chapter, a Rule of the Convention may be temporarily altered, suspended or rescinded by unanimous consent.

3. Notice and Vote. (a) A motion to amend a Rule of the Convention shall not be made on less than five Convention days' notice.

(b) A vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the delegates present shall be required to effect such amendment.

Chapter VIII. Miscellaneous Rules

1. Notification of Resident Commissioner. When a Constitution is drafted and approved by the Convention, the Convention, through the president, shall so notify the Resident Commissioner.

2. Place of Meetings. The Convention, the Committee on the Whole, and both administrative committees shall meet only in Saipan. The substantive committees shall meet in Saipan, provided that any substantive committee may in its discretion and subject to Rule 8 of Chapter IV hold public hearings anywhere within the Northern Mariana Islands.

3. Registration and Regulation of Lobbyists. The Convention, by resolution adopted by a majority of all the delegates, shall have authority to issue rules or regulations with respect to the registration and appearance before it, or before any of its authorized committees, of any person engaged or hired, for a fee, salary or other compensation, to promote, advocate, influence or oppose any matter pending before the Convention, or which might come

before it or any of its committees. Such rules and regulations may include requirements that such persons register with the secretary and file such report of expenditures as may be required by such rules and regulations.

4. Radio and Television Coverage. Live radio and television coverages of all sessions of the Convention and the Committee of the Whole shall be permitted. The substantive and administrative committees shall have discretion to allow such coverage.

5. Subpoena Power. The president and the chairman of any committee shall have the power and authority to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses or the production of books, documents or other evidence, in any matter related to the purpose of the Constitutional Convention. Any subpoena or other process issued under the authority of the Convention shall run in the name of the Government of the Northern Mariana Islands and shall be addressed to any police officer or other duly authorized agent. Such subpoena or other process shall be signed by the president or chairman, shall contain a reference to Section 9(E) of District Law 4-205, and shall set forth in general terms the matter or questions with reference to which testimony or other evidence is to be taken. Any

person to whom the process described in this Rule is directed, if within the jurisdiction of the Northern Mariana Islands, shall forthwith serve or execute the same upon delivery thereof to him without change or compensation; provided, however, that any person serving or executing such subpoena or process shall be compensated for his actual expenses, if any, in connection therewith.

6. Witnesses' Oaths. The president or the chairman of any committee may administer oaths to witnesses in any matter under the examination by the Convention.